

IN THE COURT OF APPEALS OF THE STATE OF MISSISSIPPI

NO. 2018-CP-01196-COA

TYRONE STRINGFELLOW

APPELLANT

v.

STATE OF MISSISSIPPI

APPELLEE

DATE OF JUDGMENT: 07/16/2018
TRIAL JUDGE: HON. LESTER F. WILLIAMSON JR.
COURT FROM WHICH APPEALED: LAUDERDALE COUNTY CIRCUIT COURT
ATTORNEY FOR APPELLANT: TYRONE STRINGFELLOW (PRO SE)
ATTORNEY FOR APPELLEE: OFFICE OF THE ATTORNEY GENERAL
BY: LISA L. BLOUNT
NATURE OF THE CASE: CIVIL - POST-CONVICTION RELIEF
DISPOSITION: AFFIRMED - 10/01/2019
MOTION FOR REHEARING FILED:
MANDATE ISSUED:

BEFORE J. WILSON, P.J., McDONALD AND McCARTY, JJ.

J. WILSON, P.J., FOR THE COURT:

- ¶1. In 2002, Tyrone Stringfellow was indicted for armed robbery as a violent habitual offender. Later that year, he pled guilty in exchange for a recommended sentence of twenty-three years. The circuit court accepted his plea and imposed the recommended sentence.
- ¶2. In 2018, Stringfellow filed a “Motion for Sentence Reduction By Credit Earned Time for Good Behavior.” The circuit court denied the motion, ruling that it no longer had authority to reconsider Stringfellow’s sentence. Stringfellow appealed.
- ¶3. On appeal, Stringfellow makes clear that he “is not attracting [sic] his guilty plea, but pleading mercy.” He asks for a reduction of his sentence and early release based on his

alleged “good behavior” and “rehabilitation.”

¶4. We affirm. The circuit court correctly held that it lacked authority to reconsider a sentence after the end of the term of court at which the sentence was imposed. *See, e.g., Bailey v. State*, 270 So. 3d 108, 109 (¶2) (Miss. Ct. App. 2018). Moreover, even if we treat Stringfellow’s motion as a motion for post-conviction relief, it is barred by the three-year statute of limitations applicable to such motions. Miss. Code Ann. § 99-39-5(2) (Rev. 2015).

¶5. **AFFIRMED.**

**BARNES, C.J., CARLTON, P.J., GREENLEE, WESTBROOKS, TINDELL,
McDONALD, LAWRENCE, McCARTY AND C. WILSON, JJ., CONCUR.**